

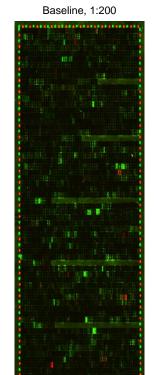
Identification and Isolation of Monospecific Antibodies from Polyclonal Samples

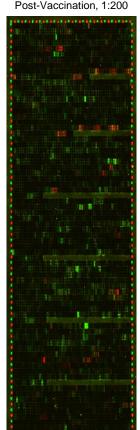
PEPperPRINT GmbH 2024

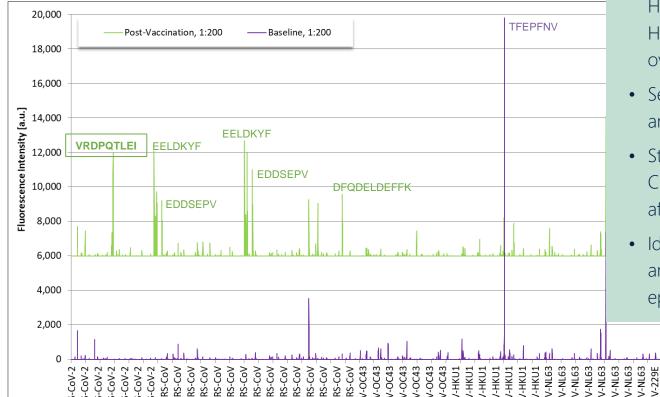
Antibodies Raised by SARS-CoV-2 Vaccination









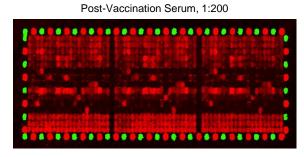


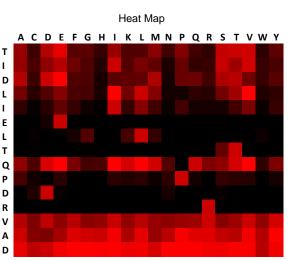
- Spike proteins of SARS-CoV-2, SARS-CoV, MERS-CoV, HCoV-OC43, HCoV-HKU1, HCoV-NL63 and HCoV-229E converted into 4,979 overlapping peptides
- Serum of healthy individual before and after mRNA vaccination
- Strong IgG responses against SARS-CoV-2, SARS-CoV and MERS-CoV after vaccination (red spots in scans)
- Identification of vaccine-induced anti-SARS-CoV-2 antibodies on the epitope level (purple curve)

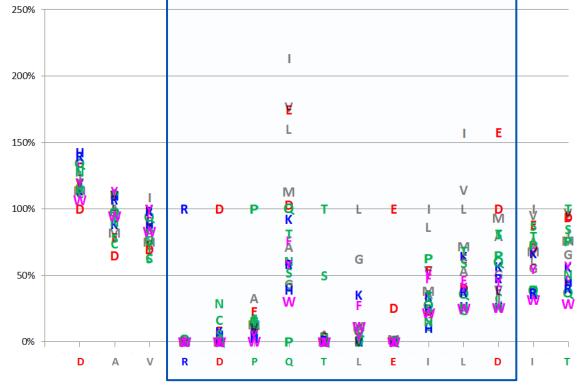
Epitope Fingerprint Analysis



Full substitution scan of wild type peptide DAVRDPQTLEILDIT





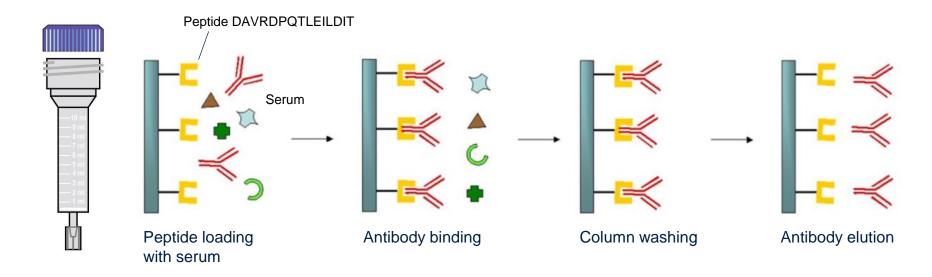


- Full substitution scan of wild type peptide ¹⁵DAVRDPQTLEILDIT¹ with the proposed epitope ³VRDPQTLEI¹¹
- Exchange of all amino acid positions by all 20 standard amino acids (see heat map)
- Amino acid plot with normalized intensities for each amino acid exchange (wild type = 100%)
- Validation of core epitope
 ⁴RDPQTLEILD¹³ with ³R, ⁴D, ⁷T, and
 ⁹E as strongly conserved or essential amino acid positions

Peptide Column



Monospecific Antibody Isolation with Peptide Column



Method

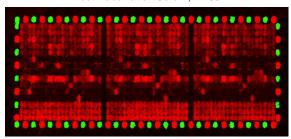
- Wild type peptide DAVRDPQTLEILDIT with the epitope RDPQTLEILD is immobilized on column matrix material
- Column is incubated with the serum sample, specific antibodies bind to the target epitope
- Residual serum and serum components are washed from the column
- Epitope-specific antibodies are finally eluted from the column and isolated

Epitope Fingerprint Analysis of Serum Fractions

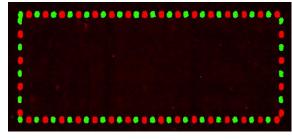


Full substitution scan microarray of wild type peptide DAVRDPQTLEILDIT

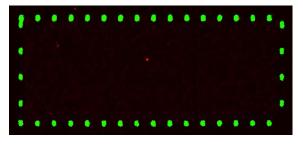


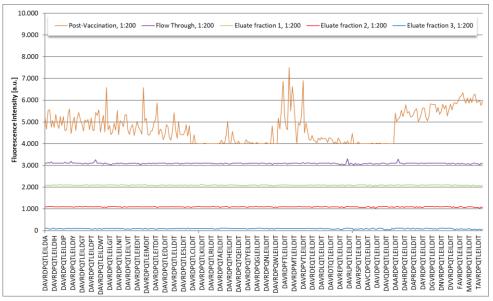


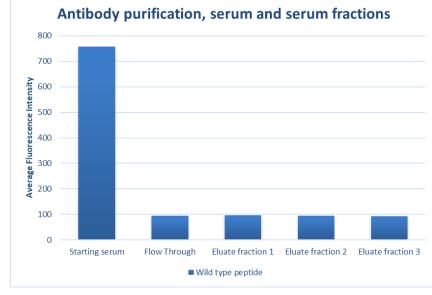
Flow-Through, 1:200



Eluate Fraction 1, 1:200





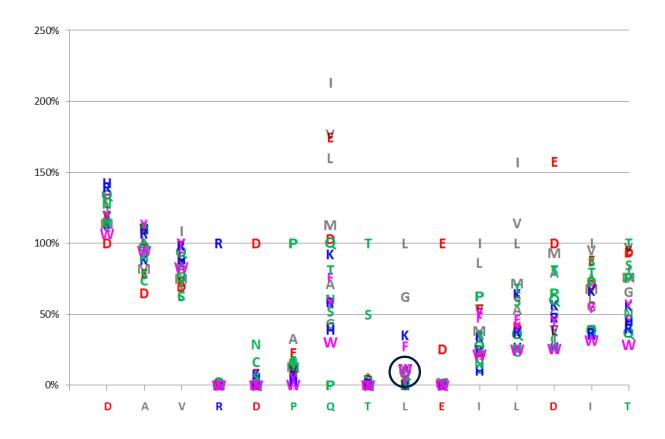


- Microarray scans, intensity profiles and average fluorescence intensity of the serum and the serum fractions
- The anti-polio antibody (red frame of polio control peptides) was not bound by the peptide column and was only found in the flow-through
- The anti-DAVRDPQTLEILDIT antibody was neither found in the flow-through nor in the eluate fractions

Failed Antibody Purification



→ Problem: Binding of the SARS-CoV-2 antibody to wild type peptide DAVRDPQTLEILDIT was too strong

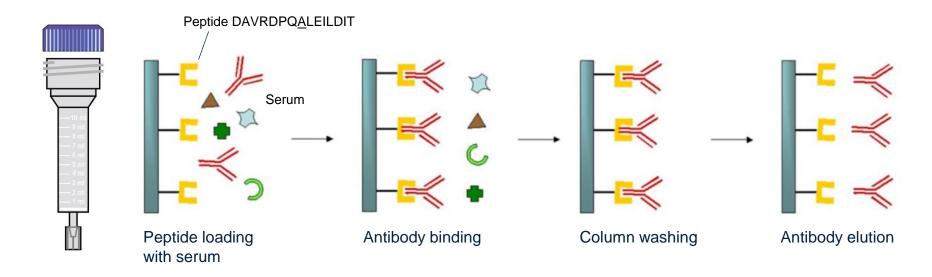


→ Solution: New column with weaker peptide variant DAVRDPQTAEILDIT (3% of the wild type peptide intensity)

2nd Peptide Column



Monospecific Antibody Isolation with Peptide Column



Method

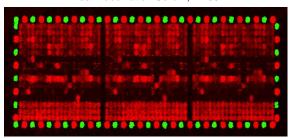
- Peptide variant DAVRDPQTAEILDIT with mimotope RDPQTAEILD is immobilized on column matrix material
- Column is incubated with the serum sample, specific antibodies bind to the target epitope
- Residual serum and serum components are washed from the column
- Epitope-specific antibodies are finally eluted from the column and isolated

Epitope Fingerprint Analysis of Serum Fractions

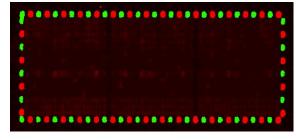


Serum and serum fractions after purification with DAVRDPQTAEILDIT peptide column

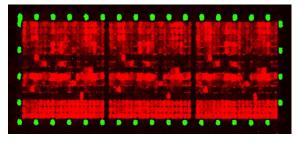


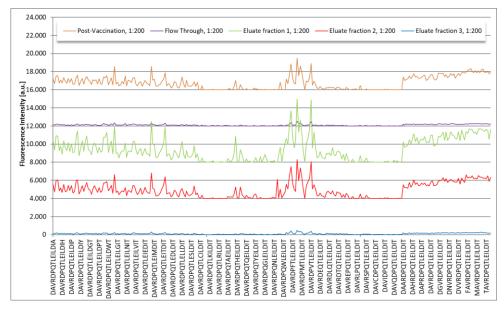


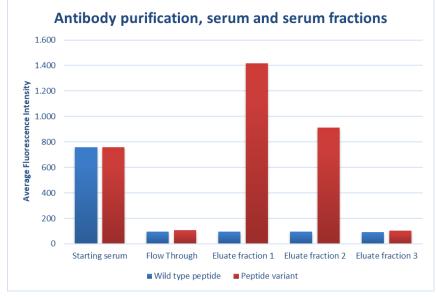
Flow-Through, 1:200



Eluate Fraction 1, 1:200





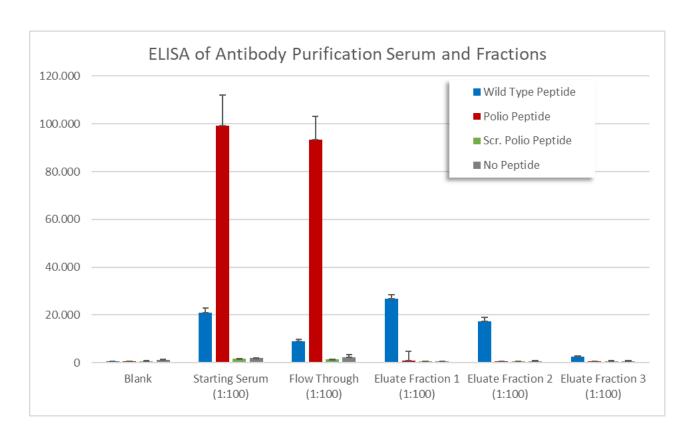


- Microarray scans, intensity profiles and average fluorescence intensity of the serum and the serum fractions
- The anti-polio antibody (red frame of polio control peptides) was not bound by the peptide column and was again only found in the flow-through (see microarray image in the middle)
- The anti-DAVRDPQTLEILDIT antibody was found in eluate fractions 1 and 2, but hardly in the flow-through

ELISA Testing of Serum Fractions



Validation of Microarray Data by ELISA Tests

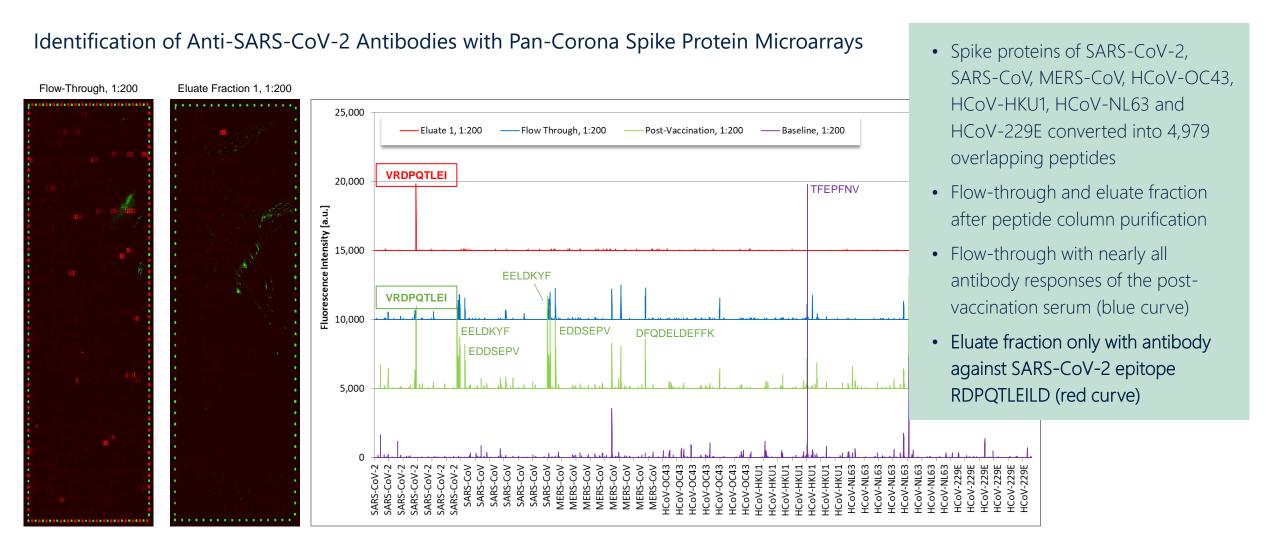


- Additional data validation by ELISA tests
- Synthetic polio control and wild type peptide plus scrambled polio peptide as negative control
- The anti-polio antibody was only fond in the post-vaccination serum and the flow-through; no response against the negative controls
- The antibody against SARS-CoV-2 epitope RDPQTLEILD was observed in all samples and decreased from eluate 1 to eluate 3

→ Independent validation of the microarray data by a platform transfer to the ELISA format

Validation of Purification





→ Validation of purification and isolation of anti-SARS-CoV-2 antibody directed against epitope RDPQTLEILD

Applications



- Identification and isolation of monospecific antibodies
- Generation of epitope-specific research antibodies with reduced off-target binding
- Isolation of epitope-specific antibodies for B-cell sorting and sequencing
- Identification and testing of neutralizing antibodies from polyclonal samples
- Generation of specific well-characterized antibody pairs for immunofluorescence or sandwich ELISA

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